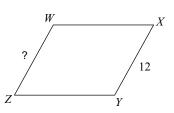
Day 5: Properties of Parallelograms © 2018 Kuta Software LLC. All rights reserved.		Date	
© Fo	2018 Kuta Software LLC. All rig rmulas to know:	ghts reserved.	
1)	Distance Formula:		
	Midpoint Formula:		
2)	Now today we need one more equation		
	Slope:		
Pr	operties of Parallelograms:		
	For each property below draw a sketch of	f what it looks like.	
3)	Opposite sides are	and	·
	We could prove this using the	and	formulas.
4)	Opposite angles are	·	
	This means that they are	<u>,</u>	
5)			
5)	Consecutive angles are		
	Consecutive angles are		_·
	Consecutive angles are  This means that they		_·
			_·
6)		·	

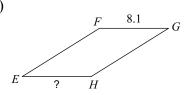
Date\_\_\_\_

## Find the measurement indicated in each parallelogram.

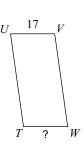
7)



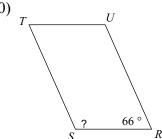
8)



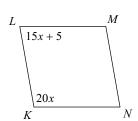
9)



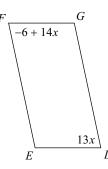
10)



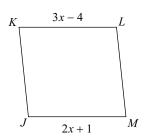
11) Find  $m \angle M$ 



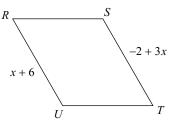
12) Find  $m \angle E$ 



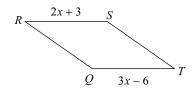
13) Find *KL* 



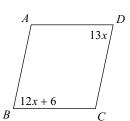
14) Find *ST* 



15) Find *RS* 

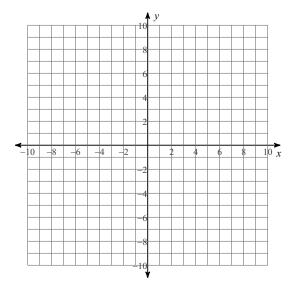


16) Find  $m \angle D$ 

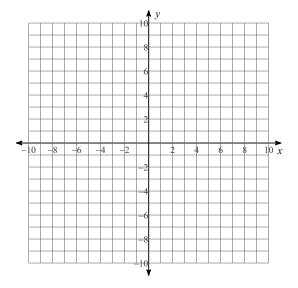


## Determine whether the quadrilateral is a parallelogram.

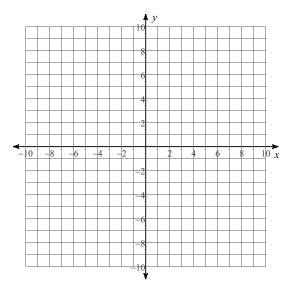
- 17) Draw quadrilateral ABCD which has the following vertices: A(-4, 4), B(2, 8), C(3, 4) and D(-3, 0).
- 18) Verify your answer in #17 using the DISTANCE.



- 19) Draw quadrilateral *QRST* which has the following vertices: Q(-2, 4), R(3, 6), S(5, 3) and T(-1, 1).
- 20) Verify your answer in #19 using SLOPE.



- 21) Draw quadrilateral *ABCD* which has the following vertices: A(-2, 2), B(2, 3), C(4, 1) and D(0, 0).
- 22) Verify your answer in #21 using the MIDPOINTS OF THE DIAGONALS.



23) Draw quadrilateral ZYXW which has the following vertices: Z(-4, 3), Y(-1, -6), X(1, 1) and W(2, 5).

